

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims to read as follows:

1. (currently amended) A processor comprising:  
a plurality of functional units; and  
a ~~substantially contiguous~~ register file that is divided into a plurality of register file segments, ~~ones of the plurality of register file segments being each~~ coupled to and associated with respective ones of the plurality of functional units, the register file segments ~~being partitioned~~ each implemented as an addressable array and partitionable into global registers and local registers, the global registers ~~that are being~~ accessible by the plurality of functional units, the local registers being accessible by the functional unit associated with the register file segment containing the local registers, wherein the number of global registers and the number of local registers are programmably configurable.

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2. (original) A processor according to Claim 1 wherein:  
the processor is a Very Long Instruction Word (VLIW) processor.

3. (original) A processor according to Claim 1 wherein:  
the local registers and global registers are addressed using register addresses in an address space that is defined for a register file segment/ functional unit pair.

4. (original) A processor according to Claim 1 wherein:  
the register file is a multi-ported register file.

5. (original) A processor according to Claim 1 wherein:  
the local registers in a register file segment are addressed using register addresses in a local register range outside the global register range that are assigned within a single register file segment/ functional unit pair.

6. (original) A processor according to Claim 1 wherein:

register addresses in the local register range are the same for the plurality of register file segment/ functional unit pairs and address registers locally within a register file segment/ functional unit pair.

7. (previously presented) A processor according to Claim 1 wherein:

the register file includes M of the register file segments, with each of the M register file segments having N physical registers, the register file segments having a reduced number of read and/or write ports in comparison to an undivided register file.

8. (previously presented) A processor according to Claim 7 wherein:

the register file segments are partitioned into  $N_G$  global and  $N_L$  local register files where  $N_G$  plus  $N_L$ , is equal to N, the register file having  $N_G + (M * N_L)$  total registers available for the M functional units, the number of address bits for addressing the  $N_G + (M * N_L)$  total registers being equal to the number of bits B that are used to address  $N = 2^B$  registers.

9. (previously presented) A processor according to Claim 8 wherein:

partitioning of the register file is programmable so that the number  $N_G$  of global registers and number  $N_L$  of local registers is selectable and variable.

10. (original) A processor according to Claim 1 wherein the register file is a storage array structure having R read ports and W write ports comprising:

a plurality of storage array storages;

the storage array storages having a reduced number of read ports so that the total number of read ports for the plurality of storage array storages is R read ports; and

the storage array storages having W write ports.

11. (previously presented) A processor according to Claim 10 wherein:

the storage array structure is a multi-port structure; and

the plurality of storage array storages includes four storage array storages each having three read ports and five write ports.

12. (previously presented) A processor according to Claim 10 wherein:  
the storage array structure is a multi-port structure; and  
the plurality of storage array storages includes four storage array storages each having  
three read ports and four write ports.

13. (previously presented) A processor according to Claim 10 wherein:  
the writes for the global registers are fully broadcast so that all of the storage array  
storages are held coherent.

14. (previously presented) A processor according to Claim 10 wherein:  
storage array storages include storage cells having a plurality of word lines and a plurality  
of bit lines, the word lines being formed in one metal layer, the bits lines being  
formed in a second metal layer.

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15. (currently amended) A processor comprising:  
a decoder for decoding a very long instruction word including a plurality of sub  
instructions, the sub instructions being allocated into positions of the instruction  
word;  
a ~~substantially contiguous~~ register file coupled to the decoder and divided into a plurality  
of register file segments, each register file segment implemented as an  
addressable array and partitionable into global registers and local registers; and  
a plurality of functional units, ~~ones of the plurality of functional units being~~ each coupled  
to and associated with respective ones of the register file segments, ones of the  
plurality of sub instructions being executable upon respective ones of the plurality  
of functional units, operating upon operands accessible to the register file segment  
associated with the respective functional unit ~~of the plurality of functional units~~,  
~~the register file segments including a plurality of registers that are partitioned into~~  
~~global registers and local registers~~, the global registers being accessible by the  
plurality of functional units, the local registers in ~~one of the~~ each register file  
~~segments segment~~ being accessible by the functional unit associated with the  
register file segment.

16. (original) A processor according to Claim 15 wherein:  
the local registers and global registers are addressed using register addresses in an  
address space that is defined for a register file segment/ functional unit pair.

17. (original) A processor according to Claim 15 wherein: the register file is a multi-  
ported register file.

18. (original) A processor according to Claim 15 wherein:  
the local registers in a register file segment are addressed using register addresses in a  
local register range outside the global register range that are assigned within a  
single register file segment/ functional unit pair.

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19. (original) A processor according to Claim 15 wherein:  
register addresses in the local register range are the same for the plurality of register file  
segment/ functional unit pairs and address registers locally within a register file  
segment/ functional unit pair.

20. (previously presented) A processor according to Claim 15 wherein:  
the register file includes M of the register file segments, with each of the M register file  
segments having N physical registers, the register file segments having a reduced  
number of read and/or write ports in comparison to an undivided register file.

21. (previously presented) A processor according to Claim 20 wherein:  
the register file segments are partitioned into  $N_G$  global and  $N_L$  local register files where  
 $N_G$  plus  $N_L$  is equal to N, the register file having  $N_G + (M * N_L)$  total registers  
available for the M functional units, the number of address bits for addressing the  
 $N_G + (M * N_L)$  total registers being equal to the number of bits B that are used to  
address  $N = 2^B$  registers.

22. (previously presented) A processor according to Claim 21 wherein:  
partitioning of the register file is programmable so that the number  $N_G$  of global registers  
and number  $N_L$  of local registers is selectable and variable.

23. (currently amended) A method of operating a processor, the processor including a plurality of functional units and a ~~substantially contiguous~~ register file divided into a plurality of register file segments, ~~the plurality of register file segments being each coupled to and associated to with~~ with respective ones of the plurality of functional units, the register file segments each implemented as an addressable array, the method comprising:

partitioning the register file segments into global registers and local registers;  
operating the plurality of functional units;  
accessing the global registers by the plurality of functional units;  
accessing the local registers by the functional unit associated with the register file segment ~~containing~~ including the local registers; and  
programmably partitioning the register file so that the number of the global registers and the number of the local registers are selectable and variable.

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24. (original) A method according to Claim 23 further comprising:  
addressing the local registers and global registers using register addresses in an address space that is defined for a register file segment/ functional unit pair.

25. (original) A method according to Claim 23 further comprising:  
addressing the local registers in a register file segment using register addresses in a local register range outside the global register range that are assigned within a single register file segment/ functional unit pair.

26. (original) A method according to Claim 23 further comprising:  
addressing the local register range the same for the plurality of register file segment/ functional unit pairs and address registers locally within a register file segment/ functional unit pair.

27. (previously presented) A method according to Claim 23, wherein the register file include M of the register file segments, with each of the M register file segments having N physical registers, the register file segments having a reduced number of read and/or write ports in comparison to an undivided register file.

28. (previously presented) A method according to Claim 27 further comprising:  
partitioning the register file segments into  $N_G$  global and  $N_L$  local register files where  $N_G$   
plus  $N_L$  is equal to  $N$ ; and  
operating the register file having  $N_G + (M * N_L)$  total registers available for the  $M$   
functional units, the number of address bits for addressing the  $N_G + (M * N_L)$  total  
registers being equal to the number of bits  $B$  that are used to address  $N = 2^B$   
registers.

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